



Regional updates: North American Flux Networks

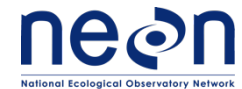
Margaret Torn,
Deb Agarwal, Sebastien Biraud, and AMP Team

Stefan Metzger and NEON team

Kim Novick, Indiana University

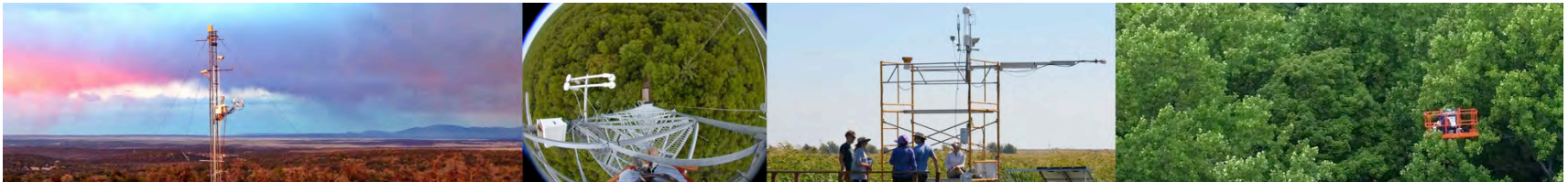
June 7, 2017

Fluxnet Workshop, Berkeley, CA



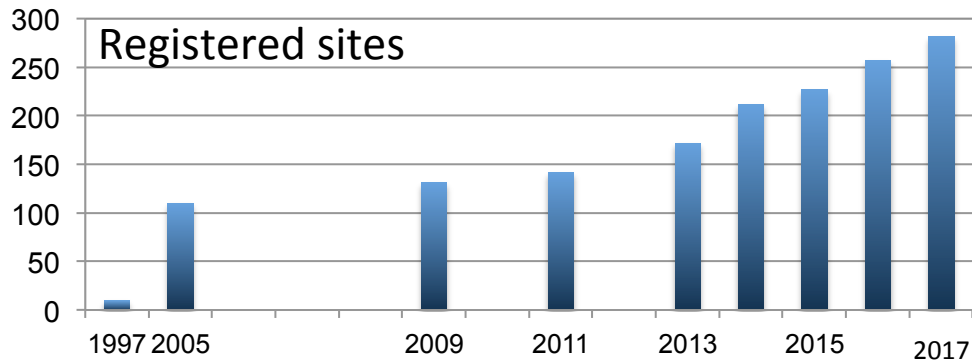
Outline

- AmeriFlux and the AmeriFlux Management Project
- News from AmeriFlux
- National Ecological Observatory Network (NEON)
- NEON-AmeriFlux synergies
- Key challenges for N.A. Networks



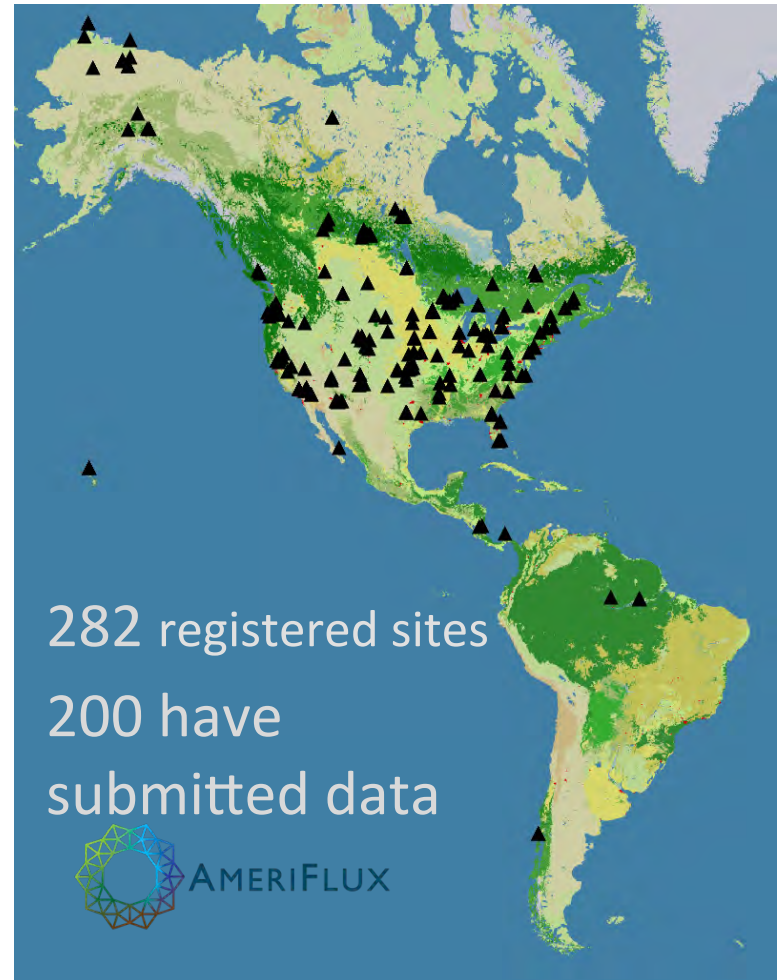
AmeriFlux is a network of sites, data, and scientists

Growing Rapidly



Sites:

Canada	46
USA	222
Mexico	1
Costa Rica	2
Panama	1
Brazil	8
Chile	2



AmeriFlux is a network of scientists

- 500% increase in registered community members in past 2 years
- Community events:
 - Annual Meetings
 - Data-Tech workshops
 - 20th Anniversary events
- A more open data policy
- More data users
- Trainings & outreach



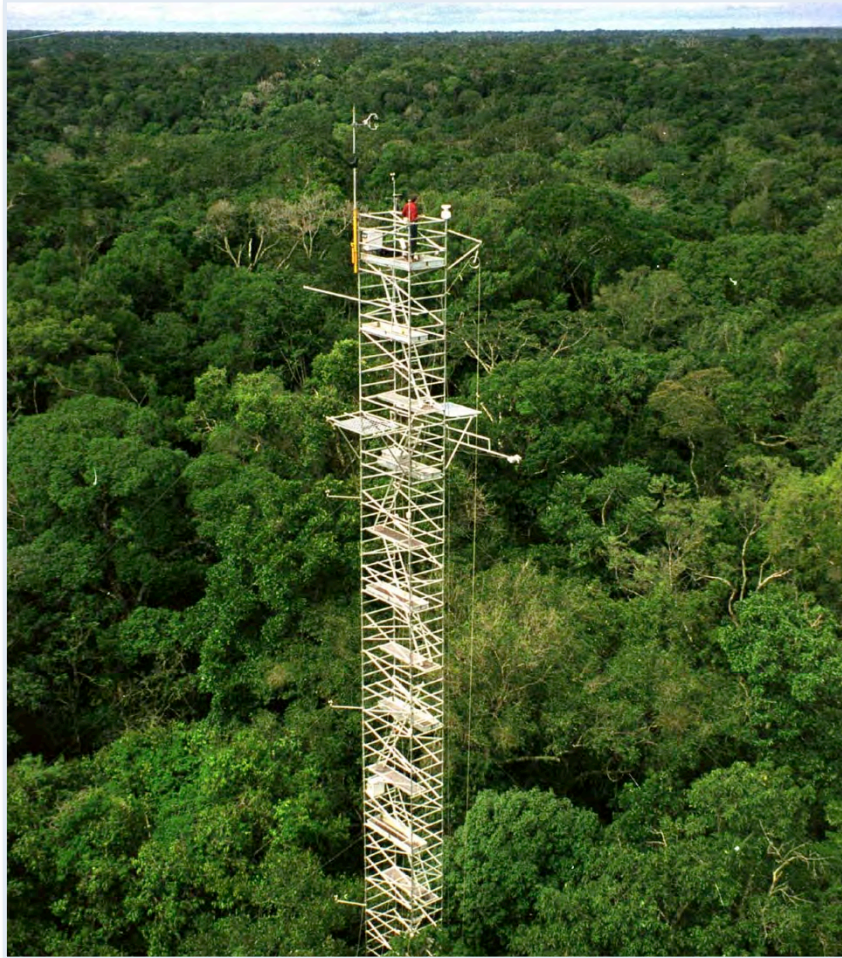
Flux Course





Sites and Scientists

AmeriFlux Site Pls: 127



Old growth tropical forest
Alessandro Araujo





Sites and Scientists

Shrub wetlands
Ankur Desai



Complex terrain,
Water relations
Dennis Baldocchi



Conditions, Instruments, and Research Vary

Arctic Tundra, Walt Oechel.



Ivotuk, AK.

Photo: Cathy Wilson



Sites and Scientists

From heavily managed, to old growth, to recently burned



Ag management, N_2O
Rosemount, MN



Subalpine forest
Niwot Ridge, CO



Fire, climate gradient
Valles Caldera Mixed Conifer

Recent highlights

- AmeriFlux 20th Anniversary and EuroFlux 20th Anniversary



- Special issue of Ag and Forest Met (deadline for submissions is this Friday, June 9)
- Shared AGU and EGU sessions

- FLUXNET2015: global partnership, great outcome

- Science Steering Committee



Marcy
Litvak



Russ
Scott

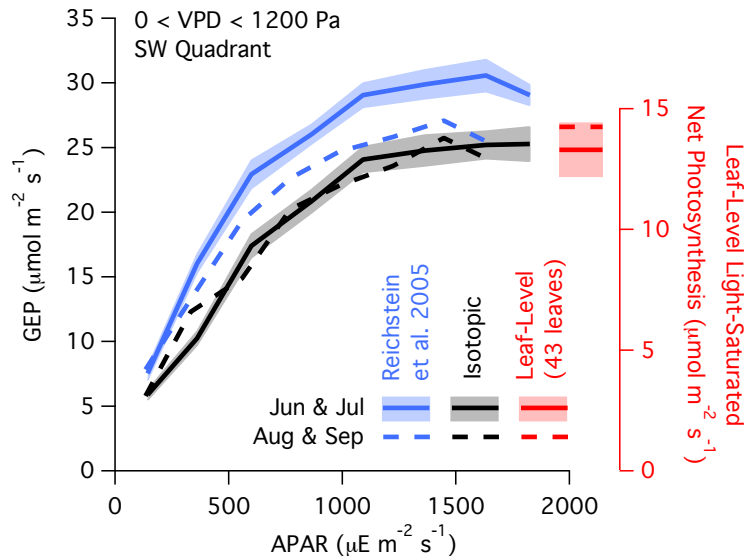
- NEON coming on line!
Beginning to affiliate flux sites with AmeriFlux

- Science highlights



Light inhibition of leaf respiration

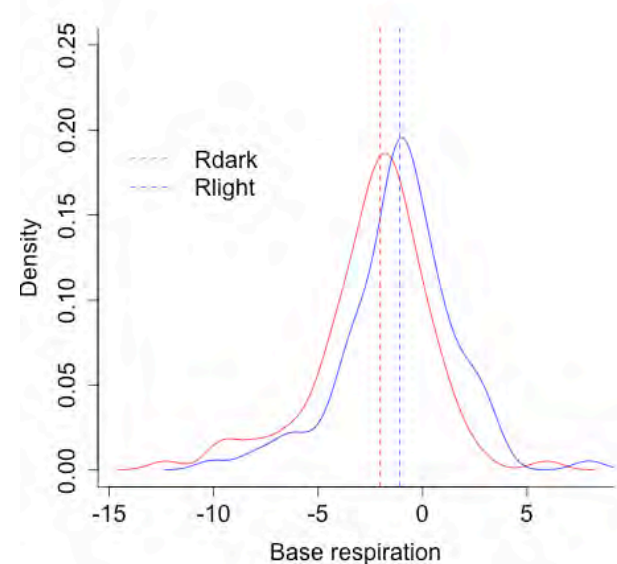
New ^{13}C -flux provides insight into leaf-level process



Harvard Forest, 2011 – 2013

Wehr et al. 2016

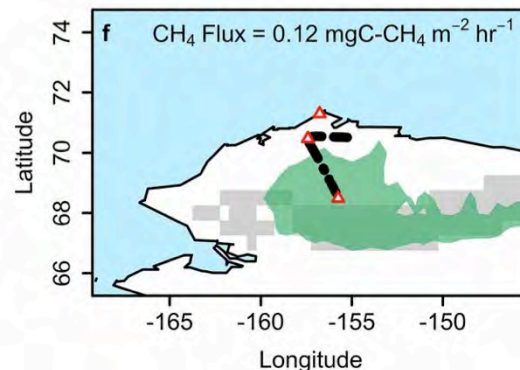
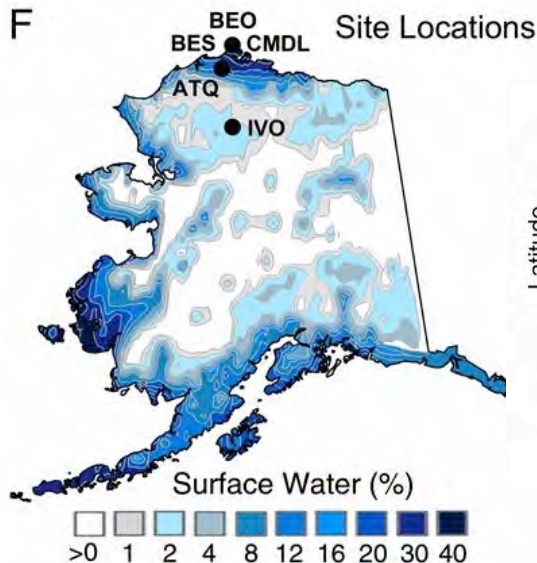
Testing globally using FLUXNET2015



Estimating Kok effect using changes in the low-light region of the light-response curve, following approach of Basel Kok. (Keenan, In prep.)

Cold season emissions dominate the Arctic tundra methane budget. Zona et al. 2016.

Cold season fluxes
(September to May)
account for $\geq 50\%$ of annual
 CH_4 flux.



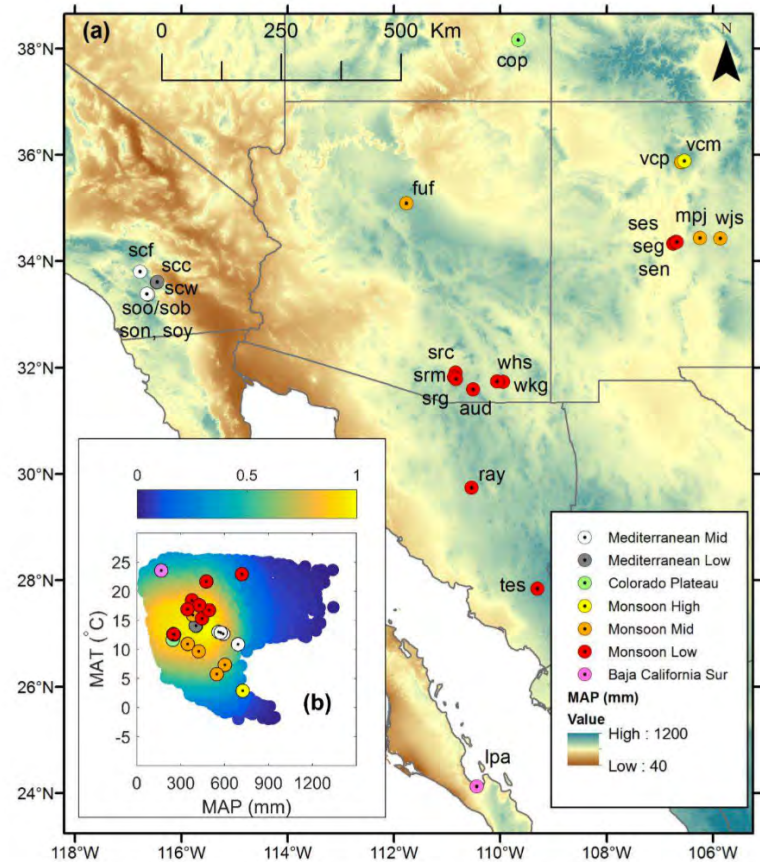
Nov 7, 2014



Dryland CO₂ and ET



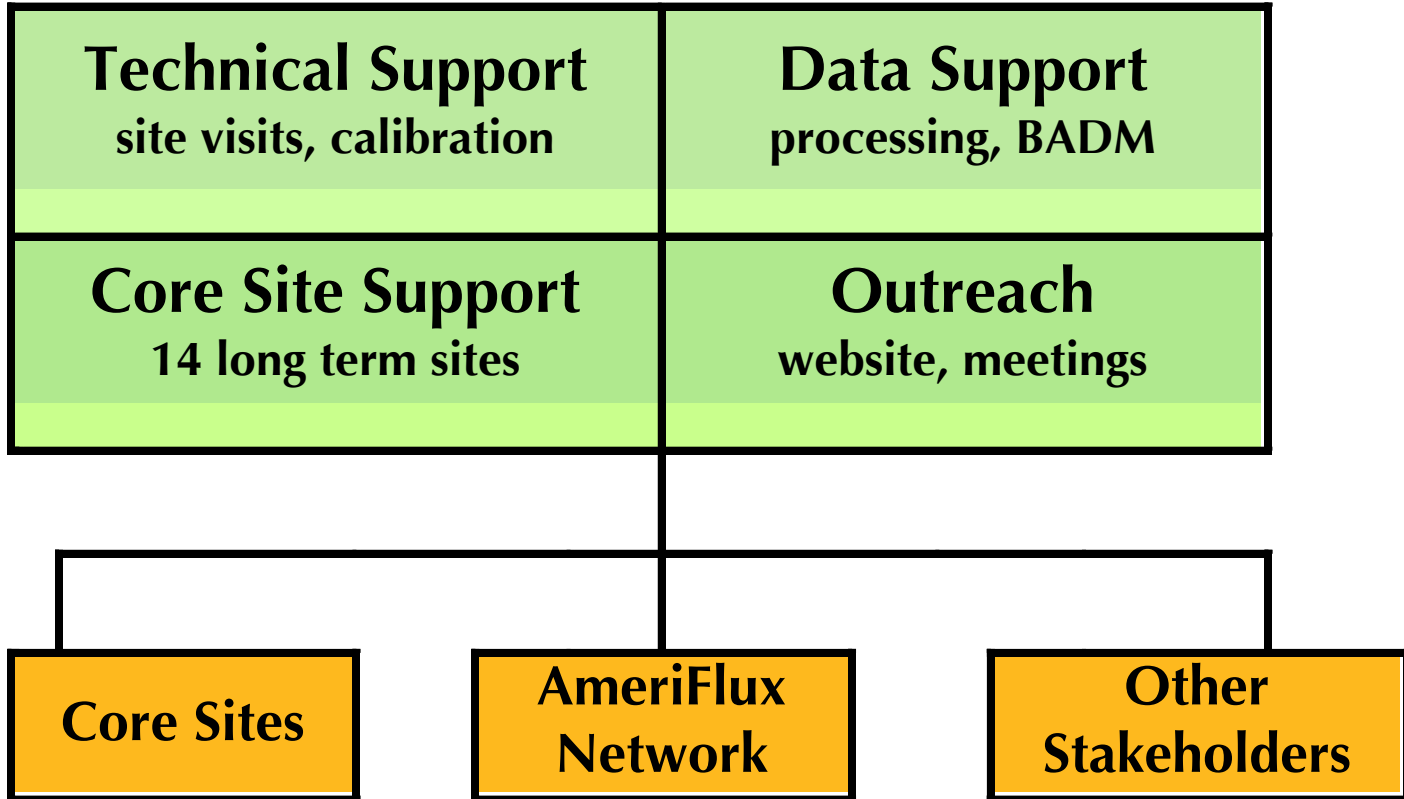
- 25 sites in U.S. and Mexico
- Half the sites flipped from C sinks/C sources in wet/dry years.
- Remote sensing-based models only capture 50% of interannual variability





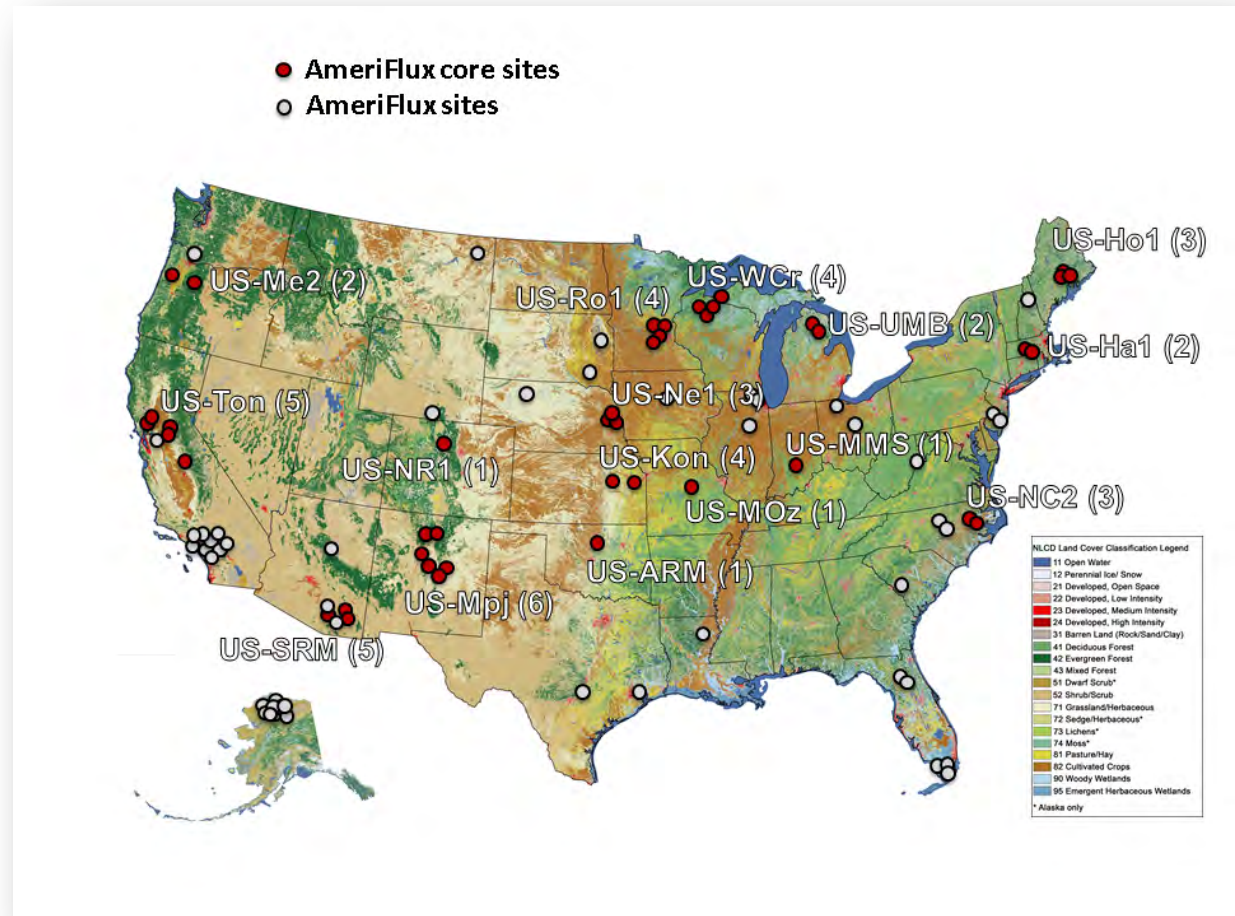
U.S. DOE established AMP in 2012

AmeriFlux Management Project



Maintaining long time-series

- Selected long-term sites receiving funding via AMP
- 14 primary core sites
- 14 core-site clusters totaling 47 sites



AmeriFlux has 50 sites with data records > 10 years long

Network	# of sites	# of sites sharing flux data via central repository	Average length of flux records (years)	# of sites with 10+ years of flux data
AmeriFlux	282	170	7.2	50
NEON	47	Coming online 2017	<1	0
LTER	25	34 towers from 10 LTER sites	7.8	12
CZO	9 core, >20 affiliated	7	7.2	0

Table 1. Novick et al. 2017, updated
Submitted to Ag & Forest Met AmeriFlux special issue

NEON



- NSF- funded
- 47 replicated facilities

As of June 6, 2017:

- 45 sites: tower structure is erected
- 36 sites: turbulence data streaming.
- 15 sites: verified for initial operations.

NEON Interoperability

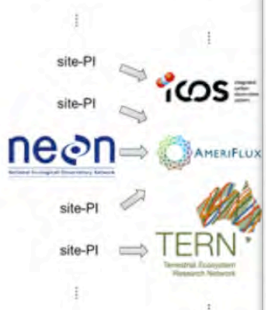
Pilot project: global interoperability

Globally interoperable eddy-covariance data products through affiliating NEON sites with AmeriFlux and FLUXNET

- NEON gains participation in a globally harmonized network, improving scientific value and

Authors: Stefan Metzger¹, Deborah Agarwal¹, Se Papale², Gilberto Pastorello², Cove Sturtevant¹, M

Affiliations: [1] Battelle Ecology, National Ecology Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, AmeriFlux of Tuscia, Integrated Carbon Observing System - E



US-CPR: NEON Central Plains Experimental Range (CPER)

Overview	DOI	Data Use Log	Image Gallery	MODIS	Publications	BADM
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Tower_team:

PI: David Durden ddurden@battelleecology.org - NEON
PI: Stefan Metzger neon-flux@battelleecology.org - NEON

Lat, Long: 40.8155, -104.7456

Elevation(m): 1654

Network Affiliations: Ameriflux, NEON

Vegetation IGBP: GRA (Grasslands)

Climate Koeppen: Bsk (Steppe: warm winter)

Mean Annual Temp (°C): 8.6

Mean Annual Precip. (mm): 320

Flux Species Measured: CO2, H2O, Isotopes

Years Data Collected: AmeriFlux: 2016 - Present

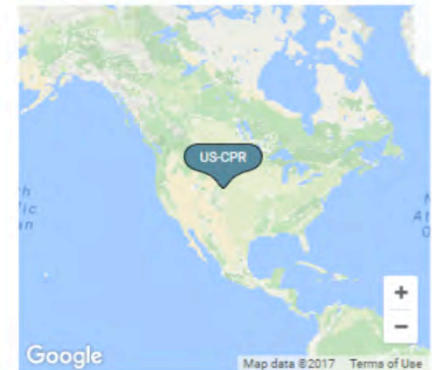
Description: Central Plains Experimental Range (CPER) site in north central Colorado. CPER served as part of the Shortgrass Steppe LTER from 1982-2014 and is now home ...
[See More](#)

Research Topics: —

Acknowledgment: The National Ecological Observatory Network is a project solely funded by the National Science Foundation and managed under cooperative agreement by Battelle.

Site Tasks

- [Add Image](#)
- [Add Publication](#)
- [Download Data](#)
- [Add to Site Set](#)



Site Photo

[More Site Images](#)

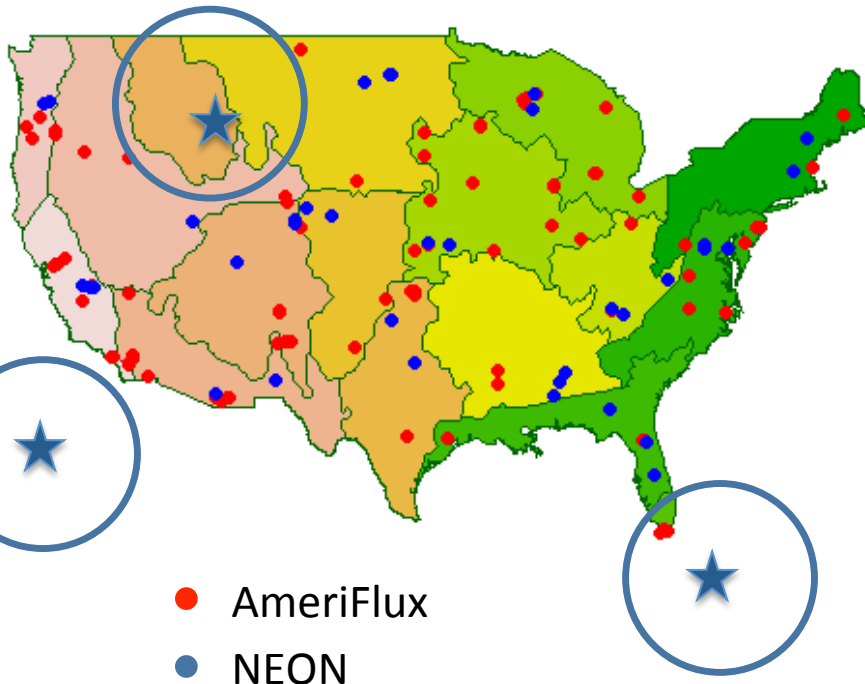


Site Publication

[More Site Publications](#)

NEON-AmeriFlux synergies

NEON will improve eco-climatic representativeness



Sharing and synergies

- ✧ Sites with rich ancillary data
- ✧ Airborne sensing
- ✧ Assignable assets
- ✧ Education resources
- ✧ Software platforms
- AmeriFlux/FLUXNET data processing
- Integration with broad user community

U.S. Networks cover wide climate space

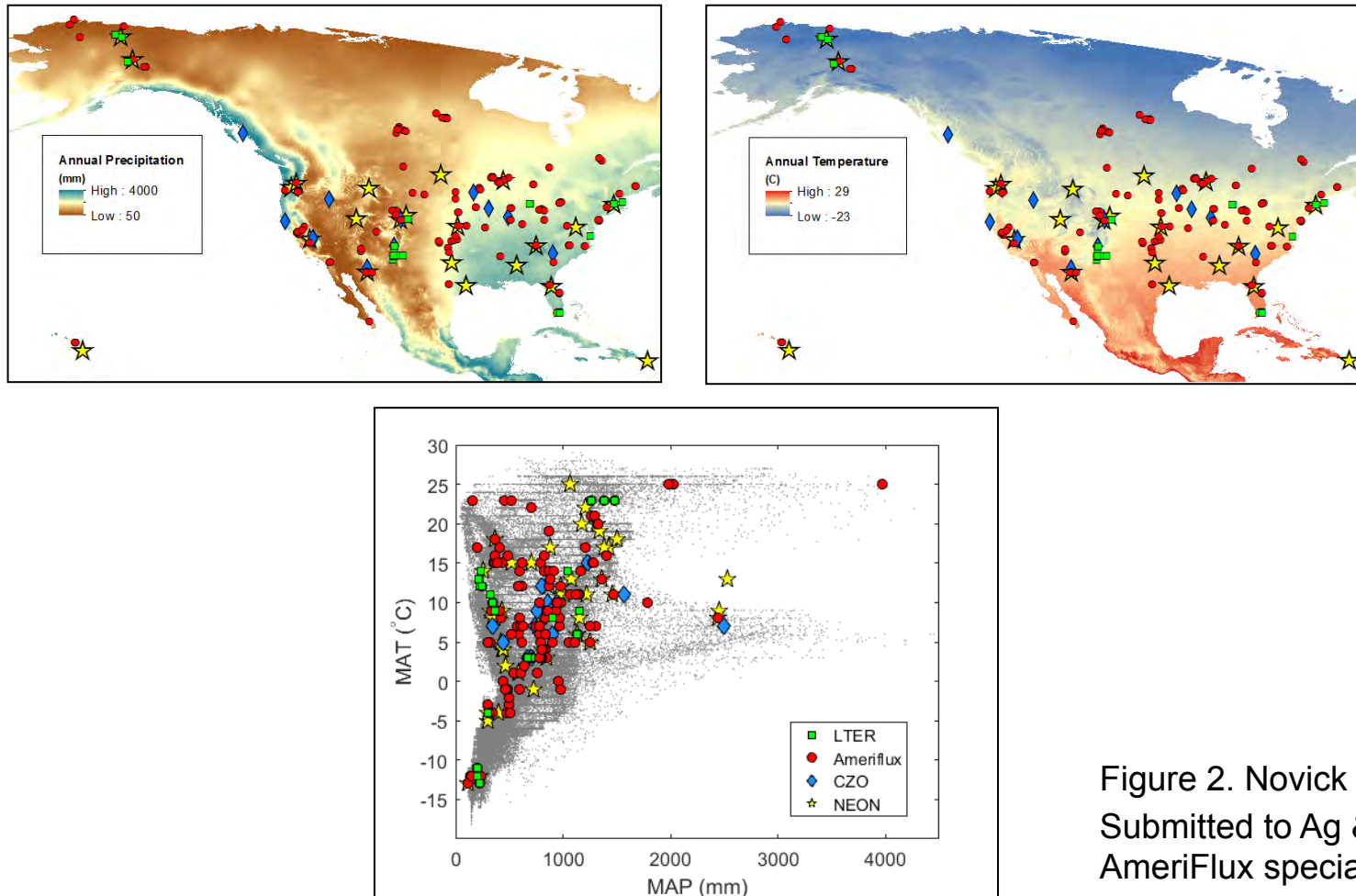


Figure 2. Novick et al. 2017
Submitted to Ag & Forest Met
AmeriFlux special issue

NEON assignable assets

Infrastructure available to community to support our research

- Assignable Assets
 - Airborne Observation Platform
 - Mobile Deployment Platform
 - Sensor/Instrument Infrastructure
 - Observational Sampling Infrastructure
- Field Staff and Site Support

Mobile Deployment Platform (MDP)

- Self-contained tower, sensors, power, data loggers, instrument hut
- Met, eddy flux, soil, & aquatic
- Rapid deployment capability
- Five MDPs available for up to 1 year



NEON Bioarchive



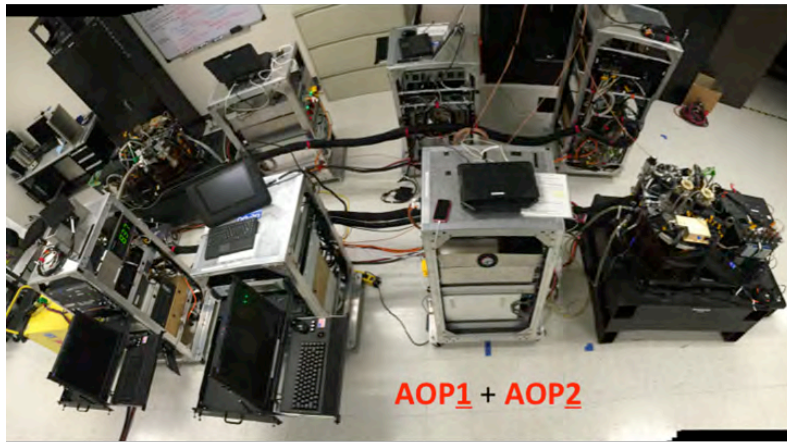
For more information

www.neonscience.org/assignable-assets

www.neonscience.org/data-resources/information-for-researchers

Credit: David Tazik

NEON airborne remote sensing could provide data for non-NEON sites



collocated	
Bartlett Experimental Forest (US-Bar) / BART	
Harvard Forest (US-Ha1) / HOPB	
Konza Prairie (US-Kon) / KONZ-KING-KONA cluster	
Kansas Field Station (US-KSF) / KFS	
Niwot Ridge (US-NR1) / NIWO-COMO	
Santa Rita Creosote (US-SRC) / SRER	
Eight Mile Lake Permafrost (US-EML) / HEAL	
Barrow (US-NGB & US-Bes) / BARR	
adjacent	
Poker Flat Research Range (US-Prr) / CARI-BONA	
in vicinity (assignable assets)	
Slashpine Austin Cary (US-SP1) / BARC-OSBS-SUGG cluster	
Sylvania (US-Syv) / UNDE- CRAM cluster	

Some key challenges for North America Networks

- Research funding for synthesis
- Engagement with Latin American flux scientists
- Building in new scientific directions
- Tropical, Arctic, and Wetland sites are under-represented.
- Entraining PIs in big-data approach: adopting standardized formats, contributing to code, sharing data in new ways.
- Getting credit for producing and sharing data: for tenure review, grants, etc.



Thanks to all the Flux Partners!



CZO, LTER, LTAR, and other flux networks
WMO, NIST, NREL, Phenocam, and more!